

**Special Topics in Health Psychology:  
Health Promotion (CLP – 7934)**

**Spring 2021**

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**Course Outline**

**Objectives**

Behavior contributes significantly to health, well-being and longevity. An abundance of research supports numerous behavioral guidelines for health promotion, including: regular physical activity; the maintenance of appropriate weight; the avoidance of tobacco products and illicit drugs; dietary intake of fruits, vegetables, and fiber, coupled with low consumption of saturated fats; moderate use of alcohol; and the ability to cope effectively with stress. Thus, the purpose of this course is to present an overview of health-promoting behaviors from the perspective of clinical health psychology. This course will emphasize changing behaviors to improve health and prevent disease. Psychological approaches for conceptualizing and changing behaviors to improve health will represent the major focus of the course. While the primary focus of the course will be intervention at the individual and group level, we will also review public health approaches that focus on change at the community or organizational level, and we will touch upon the contributions of sociology, epidemiology, medicine, political science and economics to understanding health and illness.

The specific topics chosen for in-depth exploration during the course comprise the major health issues facing our population, namely, obesity, nutrition, physical activity, and the use of tobacco. We will examine the behavioral antecedents of major diseases, particularly heart disease and cancer, by reviewing epidemiological and population-based studies of associations between behavioral and psychosocial variables and the occurrence of chronic disease conditions and decreased longevity. We will focus in detail on behavioral interventions to modify risk factors for disease, including the conceptual basis for the interventions, clinical trial data supporting their efficacy, and their application in the practice of health psychology.

**Basis for Evaluation/Grading**

The course will include the opportunity to design and carry out a health- promotion intervention, either with an appropriate clinical patient or with oneself as the subject in a self-management project. In addition, each class participant will design and propose a health-promotion research project. Both the clinical project and the research proposal will be presented in class. Class participation will consist of attendance, active engagement in class discussions, and presentations on alternative health promotion behaviors. The grade for the class will be based on (a) the research proposal (20%) and presentation (10%), (b) the clinical project and presentation (20%), (c) a final exam (30%), and (d) class participation (20%).

**Schedule**

January 14, 2021	Health Promotion: An Overview
January 21, 2021	Obesity: Prevalence, Determinants, and Consequences
January 28, 2021	Obesity: Treatment Issues & Alternative Health Promotion Behavior Presentations
February 4, 2021	Diet and Health & Alternative Health Promotion Behavior Presentations
February 11, 2021	Dietary Interventions & Alternative Health Promotion Behavior Presentations
February 18, 2021	Physical Activity & Health & Alternative Health Promotion Behavior Presentations
February 25, 2021	Physical Activity & Health & Alternative Health Promotion Behavior Presentations
March 4, 2021	Community Health Promotion & Alternative Health Promotion Behavior Presentation
March 11, 2021	Smoking Cessation & Alternative Health Promotion Behavior Presentations
March 18, 2021	Clinical Presentations
March 25, 2021	Clinical Presentations
April 1, 2021	Clinical presentations + research presentations
April 8, 2021	Research presentations
April 15, 2021	Research presentations
April 22, 2021	Final Exam

## **Scheduled Topics & Readings**

### **January 14, 2021 Health Promotion: An Overview**

Rhodes, F., Fishbein, M, Reis, J. (1997) Using behavioral theory in computer-based health promotion and appraisal. *Health Educ Behav*, 24(1):20-34.

Clark, N. M., & Becker, M. H. (1998). Theoretical models and strategies for improving adherence and disease management. In S. A. Shumaker, E. B., Schron, J. K. Ockene, & W. L., McBee (Eds.), *Handbook of health behavior change* (pp. 5-32). New York: Springer.

Stamler, J., et al. (1999). Low risk-factor profile and long-term cardiovascular and noncardiovascular mortality and life expectancy. *JAMA*, 282, 2012-1018.

Bisono, A. M., Manuel, J. K., & Forchimes A. A. (2006). Promoting treatment adherence through motivational interviewing. In W. T. O'Donohue & E. R. Levensky, (Eds.) *Promoting treatment adherence* (pp. 71-84). Thousand Oaks, CA: Sage.

Blume A. W., & Marlatt, G. A. (2006). Relapse prevention to promote treatment adherence. In W. T. O'Donohue & E. R. Levensky (Eds.), *Promoting treatment adherence* (pp. 149-163). Thousand Oaks, CA: Sage.

Ferguson, K. E., & Scarlett-Ferguson, H. (2006). Skills training to promote patient adherence to treatments. In W. T. O'Donohue & E. R. Levensky (Eds.), *Promoting treatment adherence* (pp. 99-118). Thousand Oaks, CA: Sage.

Levensky, E. R., & O'Donohue, W. T. (2006). Patient adherence and nonadherence to treatments. In W. T. O'Donohue & E. R. Levensky (Eds.), *Promoting treatment adherence* (pp. 3-14). Thousand Oaks, CA: Sage.

van Dam, R. M., Li, T., Spiegelman, D., Franco, O. H., & Hu, F. B. (2008). Combined impact of lifestyle factors on mortality: prospective cohort study in US women. *BMJ*, 337, a1440.

Adler Rolf H. (2009). Engel's biopsychosocial model is still relevant today. *Journal of Psychosomatic Research*, (67): 607-611

Breton E and De Leeuw E. (2010). Theories of the policy process in health promotion research: a review. *Health Promotion International*, (26): 82-90.

Eriksson M. (2011) Social capital and health - implications for health promotion. *Global Health Action*.

Anton, S. D., & Perri, M. G. (2012). Disease Prevention through lifestyle intervention for diet and physical activity. *The Oxford Handbook of Rehabilitation Psychology*.

Spring B, Moller AC, Coons MJ. (2012). Multiple health behaviours: overview and implications. *Journal of Public Health*, (34): i3-i10.

Middleton KR, Anton SD, Perri MG. (2013). Long-Term Adherence to Health Behavior Change. *Am J Lifestyle Med*, 7 (6): 395-404

Young M. D. (2014). Social cognitive theory and physical activity: a systematic review and meta-analysis. *Obes Rev*, 15(12):983-95

Claassen M. A. (2018). A systematic review of psychosocial explanations for the relationship between socioeconomic status and body mass index. *Appetite*, 1;132:208-221

Brookes J. M. (2018). Towards an integration of the health promotion models of self-determination theory and theory of planned behavior among people with chronic pain. *Rehabil Psychol*, 63(4):553-562.

## January 21, 2021 Obesity: Prevalence, Determinants, and Consequences

- Allison, D. B., Fontaine, K. R., Manson, J. E., Stevens, J., & VanItallie, T. B. (1999). Annual deaths attributable to obesity in the United States. *JAMA*, 282(16), 1530-1538.
- Calle, E. E. et al (1999). Body-mass index and mortality in a prospective cohort of U.S. adults. *N Engl J Med*, (341): 1097-1105
- U.S. Department of Health and Human Services. (2001). *The Surgeon General's call to action to prevent and decrease overweight and obesity*. Washington, D.C.: U.S. Government Printing Office.
- Clement, K. & Ferre, P. (2003). Genetics and the pathophysiology of obesity. *Pediatric Research*, 53, 721-725.
- Fontaine, K. R. et al. (2003). Years of life lost due to obesity. *JAMA*, 289, 187-193.
- Hill, J. O. et al. (2003). Obesity and the environment: where do we go from here? *Science*, 299, 853-855.
- Finkelstein, E. A., Ruhm, C. J., & Kosa, K. M. (2005). Economic causes and consequences of obesity. *Annu Rev Public Health*, 26, 239-257.
- Ogden, C. L., Carroll, M. D., Curtin, L.R., McDowell, M. A., Tabak, C. J, Flegal, K. M. (2006). Prevalence of overweight and obesity in the United States, 1999-2004. *JAMA*, 295, 1549-1555.
- James, W. P. (2008). The fundamental drivers of the obesity epidemic. *Obes.Rev.*, 9 Suppl 1, 6-13.
- Jensen, M. K., Chiuve, S. E., Rimm, E. B., Dethlefsen, C., Tjonneland, A., Joensen, A. M. (2008). Obesity, behavioral lifestyle factors, and risk of acute coronary events. *Circulation*, 117, 3062-3069.
- Flegal, K. M., Carroll, M. D., Ogden, C. L., & Curtin, L. R. (2010). Prevalence and trends in obesity among US adults, 1999-2008. *JAMA*, 303(3), 235-241.
- Finkelstein EA, Khavjou OA, Thompson H, Trogdon JG, Pan L, Sherry B, and Dietz W. (2012). Obesity and Severe Obesity Forecasts Through 2030. *American Journal of Preventative Medicine*, (42):563-570.
- Loos RJK. Genetic determinants of common obesity and their value in prediction. (2012). *Best Practice & Research Clinical Endocrinology & Metabolism*, (26): 211-226.
- McNaughton SA, Crawford D, Ball K, and Salmon J. (2012). Understanding determinants of nutrition, physical activity and quality of life among older adults: the Wellbeing, Eating and Exercise for a Long Life (WELL) study. *Health and Quality of Life Outcomes*, (10): 109.
- Franks PW, Atabaki-Pasdar N. (2016). Causal inference in obesity research. *J Intern Med*.
- Arroyo-Johnson C, Mincey KD. (2016). Obesity Epidemiology Worldwide. *Gastroenterol Clin North Am.*, 45(4):571-579. PMID: 27837773
- Gudzune K. (2016). Dietary and Behavioral Approaches in the Management of Obesity. *Gastroenterol Clin North Am.*, 45(4):653-661. PMID: 27837779

## **January 28, 2021 Obesity: Treatment Issues & Alternative Health Promotion Behavior Presentations**

Diabetes Prevention Program Research Group. (2002). Reduction in the incidence of type 2 diabetes with lifestyle intervention or metformin. *New England Journal of Medicine*, 346, 393-403.

Kumanyika, S. K., & Obarzanek, E. (2003). Pathways to obesity prevention: report of a National Institutes of Health Workshop. *Obesity Research*, 11, 1263-1274.

Wadden, T. A., et al. (2005). Randomized trial of lifestyle modification and pharmacotherapy for obesity. *New England Journal of Medicine*, 353, 2111-2120.

Bray, G. A. (2008). Lifestyle and pharmacological approaches to weight loss: efficacy and safety. *J.Clin.Endocrinol.Metab*, 93, S81-S88.

Perri, M. G., Foreyt, J. P., & Anton, S.D. (2008). Preventing weight gain after weight loss. In G. A. Bray and C. Bouchard (Eds.), *Handbook of obesity treatment: Clinical applications* (3<sup>rd</sup> ed.) New York: Marcel Dekkar, Inc., pp. 249 – 268.

Perri, M. G., Limacher, M. C., Durning, P. E., Janicke, D. M., Lutes, L. D., Bobroff, L. B. et al. (2008). Extended-care programs for weight management in rural communities: the treatment of obesity in underserved rural settings (TOURS) randomized trial. *Arch.Intern.Med.*, 168, 2347-2354.

Padwal, R. S. & Majumdar, S. R. (2009). Drug treatments for obesity: orlistat, sibutramine, and rimonabant. *Lancet*, 369, 71-77.

Anton, S.D., Exner, A., Newton, R. L. (in press). Intentions are not Sufficient to Change Behavior: Strategies that Promote Behavior Change and Healthy Weight Management. In F. Columbus (Ed.), *New Perspectives on Knowledge, Attitudes and Practices in Health*. New York: Nova Science Publishers, Inc.

Savage, J.S. et al. (2016). Effect of the INSIGHT Responsive Parenting Intervention on Rapid Infant Weight Gain and Overweight Status at Age 1 Year. *JAMA Pediatr*, 170(8): 742-749.

Hassan Y, Head V, Jacob D, Bachmann MO, Diu S, Ford J. (2016). Lifestyle interventions for weight loss in adults with severe obesity: a systematic review. *Clin Obes.*, 6(6):395-403.

Santos I, Sniehotta FF, Marqeus M, Carraca EV, Teixeira PJ. (2017). Prevalence of personal weight control attempts in adults: a systematic review and meta-analysis. *Obes Rev.*, 18(1):32-50.

Hutchison, A.T. (2018). Effects of Intermittent Versus Continuous Energy Intakes on Insulin Sensitivity and Metabolic Risk in Women with Overweight. *Obesity*, 27(1): 50-58.

Varkevisser, R.D.M. et al. (2019). Determinants of weight loss maintenance: a systematic review. *Obesity Reviews*, 20(2): 171-211.

## February 4, 2021 Diet and Health & Alternative Health Promotion Behavior Presentations

Stampfer, M. J. et al. (2000). Primary prevention of coronary heart disease in women through diet and lifestyle. *New England Journal of Medicine*, 343, 16-22.

Institute of Medicine. (2002). *Dietary reference intakes for energy, carbohydrate, fiber, fat, fatty acids, cholesterol, protein, and amino acids*. Washington, DC: National Academies Press.

McCullough, M. L. et al. (2003). A prospective study of whole grains, fruits, vegetables and colon cancer risk. *Cancer Causes and Control*, 14, 959-970.

Nielsen, S. J., & Popkin, B. M. (2003). Patterns and trends in food portion sizes. *JAMA*, 289, 450-453.

Fung, T. T. et al. (2004). Prospective study of major dietary patterns and stroke risk in women. *Stroke*, 35, 2014-2019.

Knoops, K. T. B. et al. (2004). Mediterranean diet, lifestyle factors, and 10-year mortality in elderly European men and women. *JAMA*, 292, 1433-1439.

Kelly, M. T., Rennie, K. L., Wallace, J. M., Robson, P. J., Welch, R. W., Hannon-Fletcher, M. P. et al. (2008). Associations between the portion sizes of food groups consumed and measures of adiposity in the British National Diet and Nutrition Survey. *Br.J.Nutr.*, 1-8.

Lee, S., Harnack, L., Jacobs, D. R., Jr., Steffen, L. M., Luepker, R. V., & Arnett, D. K. (2009). Trends in diet quality for coronary heart disease prevention between 1980-1982 and 2000-2002: The Minnesota Heart Survey. *J.Am.Diet.Assoc.*, 107, 213-222.

Marzetti, E., Wohlgemuth, S. E., Anton, S.D., Bernabei, R., Carter, C., & Leeuwenburgh, C. (2009). Cellular mechanisms of cardioprotection by calorie restriction: State of the science and future perspectives. *Clinics in Geriatric Medicine*, 25(4), 715-732.

Fontana, L. & Klein, S. (2009). Aging, adiposity, and calorie restriction. *JAMA*, 297, 986-994.

Anton, S. D., Dubyak, P. J., Naugle, K. M. (2012). *Role of Appetite Control in Metabolic Disease Conditions. Appetite: Regulation, Role in Disease and Control*. Nova Science Publishers, Inc. Hauppauge, NY

Briley A, Barr S, Badger S, Bell R, Crocker H, Godfrey KM, Holmes B, Kinnunen TI, Nelson SM, Oteng-Ntim E, Patel N, Robson Sc, Sandall J, Sanders T, Sattar N, Seed PT, Wardle J, and Poston L. (2014). A complex intervention to improve pregnancy outcome in obese women; the UPBEAT randomized controlled trial. *BMC Pregnancy and Childbirth*, 14:74

O'Reilly GA, Cook L, Spruijt-Metz D, Black DS. (2014). Mindfulness-based interventions for obesity-related eating behaviours: a literature review. *Obes Rev.*, 15(6):453-61.

**February 11, 2021 Dietary Interventions & Alternative Health Promotion Behavior Presentations**

Cutler, J. A., & Stamler J. (1997). Introduction and summary of the dietary and nutritional methods and findings in the Multiple Risk Factor Intervention Trial. *American Journal of Clinical Nutrition*, 65(suppl.), 184S-190S.

Kjelsberg, M. O. et al. (1997). Brief description of the Multiple Risk Factor Intervention Trial. *American Journal of Clinical Nutrition*, 65(suppl.), 191S-195S.

Ornish, D., et al. (1998). Intensive lifestyle changes for reversal of coronary heart disease. *JAMA*, 280, 2001-2009.

Hu, F., & Willett, W. C. (2002). Optimal diets for prevention of coronary heart disease. *JAMA*, 288, 2569-2578.

Esposito, K. et al. (2004). Effect of a Mediterranean-style diet on endothelial dysfunction and markers of vascular inflammation in the metabolic syndrome. *JAMA*, 2004, 1440-1446.

Heilbronn, L. K., de, J. L., Frisard, M. I., DeLany, J. P., Larson-Meyer, D. E., Rood, J. et al. (2006). Effect of 6-month calorie restriction on biomarkers of longevity, metabolic adaptation, and oxidative stress in overweight individuals: a randomized controlled trial. *JAMA*, 295, 1539-1548.

Howard, B.V. et al. (2006). Low-fat dietary pattern and risk of cardiovascular disease: the Women's Health Initiative Randomized Controlled Dietary Modification Trial. *JAMA*, 295, 655-666.

Pischke, C. R., Scherwitz, L., Weidner, G., & Ornish, D. (2008). Long-term effects of lifestyle changes on well-being and cardiac variables among coronary heart disease patients. *Health Psychol.*, 27, 584-592.

Dai, J., Jones, D. P., Goldberg, J., Ziegler, T. R., Bostick, R. M., Wilson, P. W. et al. (2008). Association between adherence to the Mediterranean diet and oxidative stress. *Am.J.Clin.Nutr.*, 88, 1364-1370.

Hofer, T., Fontana, L., Anton, S.D., Weiss, E. P., Villareal, D. T., Malayappan, B., & Leeuwenburgh, C. (2008). Long-term effects of caloric restriction or exercise on DNA and RNA oxidation levels in white blood cells and urine in humans. *Rejuvenation Research*, 11(4), 793-9.

Stamler, J. & Neaton, J. D. (2008). The Multiple Risk Factor Intervention Trial (MRFIT)--importance then and now. *JAMA*, 300, 1343-1345.

Anton, S.D., Han, H. York-Crowe, York, E., Martin, C.K. Ravussin, E., & Williamson, D.A (2009). Effect of calorie restriction on subjective ratings of appetite. *Journal of Human Nutrition and Dietetics*, 22(2), 141-147.

Sacks, F.M., Bray, G.A., Carey, V.J., Smith, S.R., Ryan, D.H., Anton, S.D. et al. (2009). Comparison of weight-loss diets with different compositions of fat, protein, and carbohydrates. *New England Journal of Medicine*. 360, 859-873.

Anton, S.D., Martin, C.K., Han, H., Coulon, S., Cefalu, W.T., Geiselman, & Williamson, D. A. (2010). Effects of stevia, aspartame, and sucrose on food intake, satiety, and eating attitudes in Healthy, Overweight and Obese Adults. *Appetite*, 55(1), 37-43.



## February 18, 2021 Physical Activity & Health & Alternative Health Promotion Behavior Presentations

Wei, M. et al. (1999). Relationship between low cardiorespiratory fitness and mortality in normal-weight, overweight, and obese men. *JAMA*, 282, 1547-1553.

Manson, J. E. et al. (2002). Walking compared with vigorous exercise for the prevention of cardiovascular events in women. *New England Journal of Medicine*, 347, 716-725.

Tanasescu, M. et al. (2002). Exercise type and intensity in relation to coronary heart disease in men. *JAMA*, 288, 1994-2000.

Blair, S. N. et al. (2004). The evolution of physical activity recommendations: how much is enough? *American Journal of Clinical Nutrition*. 79 (suppl.) 913S-920S.

Owen, N. et al. (2004). Understanding environmental influences on walking. *American Journal of Preventive Medicine*, 27, 67-76.

Wessel, T. R., Arant, C. B., Olson, M. B., Johnson, B. D., Reis, S. E., Sharaf, B. L. et al. (2004). Relationship of physical fitness vs body mass index with coronary artery disease and cardiovascular events in women. *JAMA*, 292, 1179-1187.

Hofer, T., Fontana, L., Anton, S.D., Weiss, E. P., Villareal, D. T., Malayappan, B., & Leeuwenburgh, C. (2008). Long-term effects of caloric restriction or exercise on DNA and RNA oxidation levels in white blood cells and urine in humans. *Rejuvenation Research*, 11(4), 793-9.

Haskell, W. L., Lee, I. M., Pate, R. R., Powell, K. E., Blair, S. N., Franklin, B. A. et al. (2009). Physical activity and public health: updated recommendation for adults from the American College of Sports Medicine and the American Heart Association. *Med.Sci.Sports Exerc.*, 39, 1423-1434.

Anton, S.D. & Manini, T.M. (2010). Does self-reported physical activity underestimate the importance of activity in cardiovascular disease prevention? *Current Cardiovascular Risk Reports*.

Anton, S.D., Duncan, G.E., Limacher, MC, Martin, A.D., Perri, M.G. (*in press*). How much walking Is needed to improve cardiorespiratory fitness? An examination of the 2007 ACSM/AHA physical activity recommendations. *Research Quarterly for Exercise and Sport*.

Brown DK, Barton JL, Pretty J, Gladwell VF. (2014). Walks4Work: Assessing the role of the natural environment in a workplace physical activity intervention. *Scand J Work Environ Health*. (online first)

Chin SH, Kahathuduwa CN, Binks M. (2016). Physical activity and obesity: what we know and what we need to know. *Obes Rev.*, 17(12): 1226-1244.

Al-Eisa E, Alghadir AH, Igbal ZA. (2016). Measurement of physical activity in obese persons: how and why? A review. *J Phys Ther Sci.*, 28(9):2670-2674.

## February 25, 2021 Physical Activity Interventions & Alternative Health Promotion Behavior Presentations

King, A. C. et al. (1995). Long-term effects of varying intensities and formats of physical activity on participation rates, fitness and lipoproteins in men and women Aged 50 to 65 years. *Circulation*, *91*, 2596-2604.

Stefanick, M. L. et al. (1998). Effects of diet and exercise in men and postmenopausal women with low levels of HDL cholesterol and high levels of LDL cholesterol. *New England Journal of Medicine*, *339*, 12-20.

Dunn, A. L. et al. (1999). Comparison of lifestyle and structured interventions to increase physical activity and cardiorespiratory fitness. *JAMA*, *281*, 327-334.

Marcus, B. H. et al. (2000). Physical activity behavior change: Issues in adoption and maintenance. *Health Psychology*, *19* (suppl.) 32-41.

Perri, M. G. et al. (2002). Adherence to exercise prescriptions: Effects of prescribing moderate versus higher levels of intensity and frequency. *Health Psychology*, *21*, 452-458.

Thompson, P. D., & Lim, V. (2003). Physical Activity in the Prevention of Atherosclerotic Coronary Heart Disease. *Curr Treat Options Cardiovasc Med*, *5*(4), 279-285.

Lennon, S. L., Quindry, J., Hamilton, K. L., French, J., Staib, J., Mehta, J. L., et al. (2004). Loss of exercise-induced cardioprotection after cessation of exercise. *J Appl Physiol*, *96*(4), 1299-1305.

Duncan, G. E., Anton, S. D., Sydeaman, S.J., Newton, R. L., Jr., Corsica, J. A., Durning, P. A., Ketterson, T. U., Martin, A. D., Limacher, M. C., & Perri, M. G. (2005). Prescribing Exercise at Varied Levels of Intensity and Frequency: A Randomized Trial. *Archives of Internal Medicine*, *165*, 2362-2369.

Pahor, M., Blair, S. N., Espeland, M., Fielding, R., Gill, T. M., Guralnik, J. M. et al. (2006). Effects of a physical activity intervention on measures of physical performance: Results of the lifestyle interventions and independence for Elders Pilot (LIFE-P) study. *J.Gerontol.A Biol.Sci.Med.Sci.*, *61*, 1157-1165.

Fontana, L., Villareal, D. T., Weiss, E., Racette, S. B., Steger-May, K., Klein, S., et al. (2007). Calorie restriction or exercise: Effects on coronary heart disease risk factors: A randomized, controlled trial. *American Journal of Physiology: Endocrinology and Metabolism*, *293*(1), E197-202.

Murphy, M. H., Blair, S. N., & Murtagh, E. M. (2009). Accumulated versus Continuous Exercise for Health Benefit: A Review of Empirical Studies. *Sports Med.*, *39*, 29-43.

Heath GW, Parra DC, Sarmiento OL et al. (2012). Evidence-based intervention in physical activity: lessons from around the world. *Lancet.*, *380*(9838):272-81.

Swift DL, Johannsen NM, Lavie CJ et al. (2014). The role of exercise and physical activity in weight loss and maintenance. *Prog Cardiovasc Dis.*, *56*(4):441-7.

### **March 4, 2021 Community Health Promotion & Alternative Health Promotion Behavior Presentations**

Bennett P., & Murphy, S. (1998). *Psychology and health promotion* (chapters 5 & 7). Philadelphia: Open University Press.

Thomson, B., & Kinne, S. (1998). Social change theory applications to community health. In N. Bracht (Ed.), *Health Promotion at the Community Level: Vol. 2, New Advances* (pp. 29-56). Thousand Oaks, CA: Sage.

Fortmann, S. P., & Varady, A. N. (2000). Effects of a community-wide health education program on cardiovascular disease morbidity and mortality. *American Journal of Epidemiology*, 152, 316-323.

Vartiainen, E. et al. (2000). Cardiovascular risk factor changes in Finland, 1972-1997. *International Journal of Epidemiology*, 29, 49-56.

Pearson, T. A. et al. (2003). American Heart Association Guide for Improving Cardiovascular Health at the Community Level. *Circulation*, 107, 645-651.

Leger, L. (2008). Evaluating community-based health promotion initiatives: an ongoing necessity and challenge. *Health Promotion International*, 23, 299-301.

Roux, L., Pratt, M., Tengs, T. O., Yore, M. M., Yanagawa, T. L., Van Den, B. J. et al. (2008). Cost effectiveness of community-based physical activity interventions. *Am.J.Prev.Med.*, 35, 578-588.

Cohen D. A. Reengineering the Built Environment: Schools, worksites, neighborhoods, and Parks. In G. A. Bray and C. Bouchard (Eds.), *Handbook of obesity treatment: Clinical applications* (3<sup>rd</sup> ed.) New York: Marcel Dekkar, Inc., pp.195 – 206.

Farquahar JW. (2014). Community-based health promotion. Ahrens W, Pigeot I. (Eds.), *Handbook of Epidemiology* (2<sup>nd</sup> ed.) New York: Springer Science + Business Media, pp. 419-436.

Loss J, Lindacher V, Curbach J. (2014). Online Social networking sites- a novel setting for health promotion. *Health and Place*, (26); 161-170.

Hutchesson MJ, Rollo ME, Krukowski R, Ells L, Harvey J, Morgan PJ, Callister R, Plotnikoff R, Collins CE. (2015). eHealth interventions for the prevention and treatment of overweight and obesity in adults: a systematic review with meta-analysis. *Obes Rev.*, 16(5):376-92.

Corbin JH. (2015). Health promotion research in the United Nations' post-2015 agenda. *Health Promot Int.*, 30(1):1-4.

### March 11, 2021 Smoking Cessation & Alternative Health Promotion Behavior Presentations

Fiore, M. C. et al. (1997). Smoking cessation: Principles and practice based on the AHCPR Guideline, 1996. *Annals of Behavioral Medicine*, 19, 213-219.

Abrams, D.B. (1998). Adherence to Treatment for Nicotine Dependence.

Jorenby, D. E. et al. (1999). A controlled trial of sustained release bupropion, a nicotine patch, or both for smoking cessation. *New England Journal of Medicine*, 340, 685-691.

Hughes, J. R. (2000). New treatments for smoking cessation. *Cancer: A Journal for Clinicians*, 50, 143-151.

Ockene, J. K. et al. (2000). Relapse and maintenance issues for smoking cessation. *Health Psychology*, 19 (suppl.), 17-31.

Waldroup, W. M., Gifford, E. V., & Kalra, P. (2006). Adherence to smoking cessation treatments. In W. T. O'Donohue & E. R. Levensky (Eds.), *Promoting treatment adherence* (pp. 235-252). Thousand Oaks, CA: Sage.

Cornuz, J., Zwahlen, S., Jungi, W. F., Osterwalder, J., Klingler, K., van, M. G. et al. (2008). A vaccine against nicotine for smoking cessation: a randomized controlled trial. *PLoS.ONE.*, 3, e2547.

Reichert, J., de Araujo, A. J., Goncalves, C. M., Godoy, I., Chatkin, J. M., Sales, M. P. et al. (2008). Smoking cessation guidelines--2008. *J.Bras.Pneumol.*, 34, 845-880.

Coleman T. (2010). Do financial incentives for delivering health promotion counselling work? Analysis of smoking cessation activities stimulated by the equality and outcomes framework. *BMC Public Health*, (10): 167.

Diemert LM, Bondy SJ, Brown S, and Manske S. (2013). Young Adult Smoking Cessation: Predictors of Quit Attempts and Abstinence. *American Journal of Public Health*, (103):449-453.

Popova L, and Ling PM. (2013). Alternative Tobacco Product Use and Smoking Cessation: A National Study. *American Journal of Public Health*, (103):923-930.

PDQ Screening and Prevention Editorial Board. (2016). Cigarette Smoking: Health Risks and How to Quit (PDQ): Patient Version. *National Cancer Institute (US)*; 2002-. PMID:26389305

PDQ Screening and Prevention Editorial Board. (2016). Cigarette Smoking: Health Risks and How to Quit (PDQ): Health Professional Version. *National Cancer Institute (US)*; 2002-. PMID:26389444

Mahaveer Golechha. (2016). Health Promotion Methods for Smoking Prevention and Cessation: A Comprehensive Review of Effectiveness and the Way Forward. *Int J Prev Med.*, Online.

<b>March 18, 2021</b>	<b>Clinical Presentations</b>
<b>March 25, 2021</b>	<b>Clinical Presentations</b>
<b>April 1, 2021</b>	<b>Clinical presentations + research presentations</b>
<b>April 8, 2021</b>	<b>Research presentations</b>
<b>April 15, 2021</b>	<b>Research presentations</b>
<b>April 22, 2021</b>	<b>Final Exam</b>

#### **Additional Requirements**

- Students are expected to adhere to the University of Florida's honesty policy regarding cheating and use of copyrighted materials.
- Students are expected to attend class and to notify the instructor in advance of absences. Make-up assignments or delays in meeting assignment deadlines must be approved in advance.
- Students requesting classroom accommodation must first register with the Dean of Students Office. The Dean of Students Office will provide documentation to the student who must then provide this documentation to the Instructor when requesting accommodation.